

FACULTY OF LIFE SCIENCES

SYLLABUS

FOR

M.Sc. (BOTANY) (For Colleges) (Semester: I - IV)

Examinations: 2018-19



GURU NANAK DEV UNIVERSITY AMRITSAR

- Note: (i) Copy rights are reserved.
Nobody is allowed to print it in any form.
Defaulters will be prosecuted.
- (ii) Subject to change in the syllabi at any time.
Please visit the University website time to time.

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester System)**Scheme of Course****Semester I**

Sr. No.	Course No.	Course Title	Hours/ Week	Max. Marks
1	BOT C512	Fungi and Plant Pathology	3	50
2	BOT C514	Plant Physiology	3	50
3	BOT C516	Theoretical Biology	3	50
4	BOT C517	Genetics and Evolution	3	50
5	BOT C518	Phycology	3	50
6	BOT C519	Computer Applications and Bioinformatics	3	50
5	BOT C554	Botany Practicals I (Based on BOT C512, BOT C514 and BOT C516)	6.5	75
6	BOT C555	Botany Practicals II (Based on BOT C517, BOT C518 and BOT C519)	6.5	75
Total			31	450

Semester II

Sr. No.	Course No.	Course Title	Hours / Week	Max. Marks
1	BOT C522	Diversity and Biology of Gymnosperms	3	50
2	BOT C523	General Microbiology	3	50
3	BOT C524	Cell Biology	3	50
4	BOT C527	Bryology	3	50
5	BOT C528	Pteridology	3	50
6	BOT C529	Ecological Modelling and Forest Ecology	3	50
7	BOT C564	Botany Practicals I (Based on BOT C522, BOT C523 and BOT C524)	6.5	75
8	BOT C565	Botany Practicals II (Based on BOT C527, BOT C528 and BOT C529)	6.5	75
9	BOT C563	On Job Training or Assignment	Satisfactory/ Not Satisfactory	
Total			31	450

@ In addition to the courses listed above, a candidate may be required to study additional optional course/s in Botany or other disciplines, as may be approved by the Board of Control. The marks obtained in such papers will be entered in the transcript but will not add to total marks obtained by the candidate for the award of the degree.

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester System)**Semester III**

Sr. No.	Course No.	Course Title	Hours/ Week	Max. Marks
1	BOT C612	Developmental Botany	3	50
2	BOT C613	Plant Molecular Biology	3	50
3	BOT C614	Plant Breeding and IPR	3	50
4	BOT C615	Plant Biochemistry	3	50
5	BOT C616	Applied Botany	3	50
6	BOT C617	Plant Morphogenesis	3	50
7	BOT C655	Botany Practicals I (Based on BOT S612, BOT S613 and BOT C614)	6.5	50
8	BOT C656	Botany Practicals II (Based on BOT S615, BOT S616 and BOT C617)	6.5	75
9	BOTC653	Assignment	Satisfactory/ Not Satisfactory	
10	BOT C654	Seminar	1	25
Total			32	450

@ In addition to the courses listed above, a candidate may be required to study additional optional course/s in Botany or other disciplines, as may be approved by the Board of Control. The marks obtained in such papers will be entered in the transcript but will not add to total marks obtained by the candidate for the award of the degree.

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester System)**Semester IV**

Sr. No.	Course No.	Course Title	Hours/ Week	Max. Marks
1	BOT C621	Plant Anatomy	3	50
2	BOT C622	Structure and Metabolism of Plant Hormones	3	50
3	BOT C623	Plant Tissue Culture and Biotechnology	3	50
4	BOT C624	Analytical Techniques	3	50
5	BOT C626	Diversity and Biology of Angiosperms	3	50
6		Optional Paper *	3	50
7	BOT C661	Botany Practicals I (Based on BOT C621, BOT C622 and BOT C623)	6.5	75
8	BOT C665	Botany Practicals II (Based on BOT C624 and BOT C626)	4.5	75
9	BOT C663	Field Study	Satisfactory/ Not Satisfactory	
10	BOT C664	Research Techniques	3	Satisfactory/ Not satisfactory
Total			32	450
* List of Optional Papers				
1. BOT C724 - Hazardous Chemicals				
2. BOT C725 - Immunology				
@ In addition to the courses listed above, a candidate may be required to study additional optional course/s in Botany or other disciplines, as may be approved by the Board of Control. The marks obtained in such papers will be entered in the transcript but will not add to total marks obtained by the candidate for the award of the degree.				

BOT C512 – Fungi and Plant Pathology**Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week****Max. Marks: 50****Instructions for the Paper Setters:**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION-A

History, classification, study of structure, development, reproduction, life history of the following
GYMNOMYCOTA (i) Acrasiomycetes - a general account (ii) Protosteliomycetes - a general account
 (iii) Myxomycetes: Stemonitis

MASTIGOMYCOTA Haplomastigomycotina

(i) Chytridiomycetes: Chytriomycetes, Allomyces

(ii) Hyphochytridiomycetes: Rhizidiomycetes

(iii) Plasmodiophromycetes: Plasmodiophora

Diplomastigomycotina (i) Oomycetes: Lagenidium, Saprolegnia, and Achlya

AMASTIGOMYCOTA Zygomycotina (i) Zygomycetes : Entomophthora and Pilobolus

(ii) Trichomycetes – a general account

History, classification, study of structure, development, reproduction, life history of the following

AMASTIGOMYCOTA Ascomycotina (Ascomycetes) (i) Hemiascomycetidae: Protomyces and

Taphrina (ii) Plectomycetidae : Talaromyces (iii) Pyrenomycetidae: Melanospora and Nectria. (iv)

Discomycetidae : Monilinia and Morchella (v) Laboulbeniomycetidae : Laboulbenia (vi)

Loculoascomycetidae : Mycosphaerella and Venturia

SECTION-B

Basidiomycotina (Basidiomycetes) (i) Teliomycetidae : Melampsora, Ustilago and Tilletia (ii) Holobasidiomycetidae-I (Hymenomycetes) : Polyporus and Exobasidium. (iii) Holobasidiomycetidae-II (Gasteromycetes) : Scleroderma, Clavatia and Nidularia.

(Deuteromycetes)

(i) Hyphomycetidae : Stibella Rhizoctonia and Sclerotium

(ii) Blastomycetidae: Sporobolomyces and Cryptococcus

Principles and methods for the prevention and control for plant diseases, modelling and disease forecasting, plant quarantine, defence mechanisms of plants against pathogens, plant disease clinics, prediction of disease control decisions.

Symptomatology, identification, etiology and control measures of the following plant disease:

SECTION-C

Fungal Diseases: Potato wart, damping-off diseases, blight of colocasia, peach leaf curl, apple scab. Wilt of cotton and arhar, anthracnose disease of chillies, Late blight of potato, Early blight of potato, stem rust of wheat, loose smut of wheat, karnal bunt of rice, powdery mildew of bajra, white rust of crucifers, tikka disease of groundnut.

Bacterial Diseases: Bacterial leaf blight of rice, ring rot of potato, citrus canker, brown rot of potato, tundu disease of wheat.

Viral Diseases: Papaya leaf curl, leaf curl of tomato and bunchy top of banana

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-I)**SECTION-D**

Sex hormones in fungi, heterothallism in Basidiomycetes, heterokaryosis, parasexual cycle
Mycorrhizae in agriculture and plant growth, Biological control and concept of mycoherbicides.
Important contributions of the following mycologists/microbiologists: E.J. Butler, K.C. Mehta, B.B. Mundkur, Robert Koch, Alexander Flemming, S.A. Waksman, W.M. Stanley and Christian Gram.
Important mycological and plant pathological journals and institutes.

Books Recommended

1. Alexopoulos CJ, Mims CW, and Blackwell M. (1996). Introductory Mycology. 4th edition. John and Sons, Inc.
2. Dube HC. (1981). An Introduction to Fungi. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. 3.
3. Sumbali G. (2005). The Fungi. 1st edition. Narosa Publishing India House.
4. Vashishta BR and Sinha AK. (2008). Fungi. S. Chand and Company Ltd.
5. Webster J. (1980). Introduction to Fungi. 2nd edition. Cambridge University Press.

Suggested Practical's

1. Principles & working of instruments in the Mycology & Plant Pathology laboratory.
2. Characterization of disease symptoms and identification of pathogenic organisms (stem rust of wheat, damping off disease, white rust of crucifers, early and late blight of potato, loose smut of wheat, wilt of cotton, tikka disease of groundnut, citrus canker, leaf curl of papaya, yellow vein mosaic of bhindi, red rot of sugarcane, anthracnose of chillies.)
3. To study type genus Eurotium, Mucor, Peziza, Geastrum, Nidularia, Lycoperdon, Morchella, Agaricus.
4. Comparative biochemical and physiological observations of healthy and infected leaves.
5. Ocular micrometry of spores of pathogenic fungi.
6. Observations on rhizosphere of infected plants.
7. Modelling for disease forecasting.
8. Studies on different defense mechanism adopted by plants against pathogenic attack.
9. Measurement of radial growth of fungi in petri plates.

BOT C514 – Plant Physiology**Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week****Max. Marks: 50****Instructions for the Paper Setters:**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION-A

Properties of water, soil-plant, water relations kinetic theory, chemical and potential gradients, Raolt's Laws, rate of diffusion free energy of water, atmospheric H₂O, measurement of water potential components.

Energy metabolism (concept of the energy), thermodynamic principles in biology, energy rich bonds, weak interactions, coupled reactions and oxidative phosphorylations, group transfers, biological energy transducers, bioenergetics.

SECTION-B

Signal transduction: Overview, receptors and G-proteins, phospholipid signalling, role of cyclic nucleotides, calcium-calmodulin cascade, diversity in protein kinases and phosphatases, specific signalling mechanisms e.g. two-component sensor-regulator system in bacteria and plants, sucrose-sensing mechanism.

SECTION-C

Nitrogen Metabolism: Introduction, Overview of nitrogen in the biosphere and in plants, Overview of nitrogen fixation, Enzymology of nitrogen fixation, symbiotic nitrogen fixation, Ammonia uptake and transport, Overview of nitrate uptake and reduction, Nitrate reduction, Interaction between nitrate assimilation and carbon metabolism.

SECTION-D

Sulphur Metabolism: Overview of sulphate assimilation, Sulphur chemistry and function, Sulphur uptake and transport, the reductive sulphate assimilation pathway, Synthesis and function of glutathione and its derivatives.

Books Recommended

1. Buchanan, B.B., Gruissem, W. and Jones, R.L. (2002). *Biochemistry and Molecular Biology of Plants*, American Society of Plant Physiologists, Maryland.
2. Dennis, D.T., Turpin, D.H., Lefebvre, D.D. and Layzell, D.B. (eds) (1997). *Plant Metabolism* (second edition). Longman, Essex.
3. Galston, A.W. (1989). *Life Processes in Plants*. Scientific American Library, Springer-Verlag, New York.
4. Hooykaas, P.J.J., Hall, M.A. and Libbenga, K.R. (eds) (1999). *Biochemistry and Molecular Biology of Plant Hormones*. Elsevier, Amsterdam.
5. Hopkins, W.G. (2013). *Introduction to Plant Physiology*. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York.
6. Lodish, H., Berk, A., Zipursky, S.I., Matsudaira, P., Baltimore, D. and Darnell, J. (2000). *Molecular Cell Biology* (fourth edition). W.H. Freeman and Company, New York.
7. Moore, T.C. (1989). *Biochemistry and Physiology of Plant Hormones* (second edition). Springer-Verlag, New York.
8. Nobel, P.S. (1999). *Physiochemical and Environmental Plant Physiology* (2nd Ed.). Academic Press, San Diego.
9. Salisbury, F.B. and Ross, C.W. (1992). *Plant Physiology* (4th edition). Wadsworth Publishing Co., California.
10. Singhal, G.S., Renger, G., Sopory, S.K., Irrgang, K.D. and Govindjee (1999). *Concepts in Photobiology: Photosynthesis and Photomorphogenesis*. Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-I)**Suggested Practical's**

1. Study on principles of pH metry, spectroscopy
2. Studies on preparation of various concentrations of solutions
3. Permeability observations on plasma membrane using different concentrations of organic solvents.
4. Effect of temperature on permeability of plasma membrane.
5. Preparation of standard curve of protein (e.g.BSA) and determine the protein content in unknown samples
6. Estimation of activity of enzyme catalase
7. Estimation the activity of enzyme glutathione reductase.
8. Determination of osmotic potential of vacuolar sap by plasmolytic method.
9. Determination of the water potential of any tuber by constant weight method.
10. Determination of the water potential of any tuber by Chardakov's dye method.
11. Separation of amino acids in a mixture by paper chromatography and their identification by comparison with standards.

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-I)**BOT C516 – Theoretical Biology**

Theory Lectures : 3 Credit Hours/Week
Max. Marks : 50

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION-A

1. **Linear Function:** $y=ax$ and $y=ax+b$
2. **Power Function:** $y=ax^n$, quadratic equation.
3. **Periodic Function:** Sine and cosine, trigonometric relations.

SECTION-B

4. **Exponential and Logarithmic Functions:** Exponential function $y=aq^x$, logarithmic function. $d/dx(e^x)$, $d/dx(\ln x)$, integral of $1/x$.
5. **Integration:** Integrals, definite integral, rules of integration, second derivative.

SECTION-C

6. **Probability:** Concept of probability, permutations and combinations, normal distribution.
7. **Differentiation and Integration:** Limit Growth rates, instantaneous rate of change, differentiation of some important functions, product rule and quotient rule of differentiation, chain rule of differentiation.

SECTION-D

8. **Statistics:** Mean, standard deviation, standard error, 't' test, chi square test.
9. One way ANOVA, simple linear regression and correlation.

Books Recommended

1. Barbour, M.G., Burk, J.H. and Pitts, W.D. (1987). Terrestrial Plan Ecology. Benjamin/Cummings Publication Company, California. 3rd edition
3. Batschelet, E. (1971). Introduction to Mathematics for Life Scientists. Springer-Verlag, Berlin. 2nd edition
4. Begon, M. Harper, J.L. and Townsend, C.R. (1996). Ecology, Blackwell Science, Cambridge. 6th edition
5. Brady, N.C. (1990). The Nature and Properties of Soils. Macmillan.
6. Chapman, J.L. and Reiss, M.J. (1988). Ecology: Principles and Applications. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
7. De, A.K. (1990). Environmental Chemistry. Wiley Eastern Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. 6th edition
8. Heywood, V.H. and Watson, R.T. (1995). Global Biodiversity Assessment. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
9. Hill, M.K. (1997). Understanding Environmental Pollution. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
10. Kormondy, E.J. (1996). Concepts of Ecology. Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
11. Krebs, C.J. (1989). Ecological Methodology. Harper and Row, New York, USA.)
12. Kormody, E.J. (1981). Concepts of Ecology. Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. 3rd edition
13. Ludwig, J and Reynolds, J.F. (1988). Statistical Ecology. John Wiley & Sons, New York.

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-I)**BOT C517 – Genetics and Evolution****Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week****Max. Marks: 50****Instructions for the Paper Setters:**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION-A

Fine Structure of Gene: Classical versus molecular concept of the gene, the cis-trans complementation for functional allelism, limitation of cis-trans test, fine structure of phage T4 II Locus; fine structures of gene and “Complex loci” in eukaryotes, genes within genes in phage ϕ X124, over-lapping genes; concept of split gene; pseudogenes, nucleotide sequences.

Genetic Material: - Properties and replication, proof that the genetic information is stored in DNA, the watson-crick model, the double helix, alternate forms of double helix, DNA replication, initiation and primer problem, complex replication apparatus, rolling circle replication of phage ϕ X124.

SECTION-B

Genetic regulation of cell cycle, homologous chromosomes, polytene and ampbrush chromosomes. Oncogenes, biochemistry and molecular biology of cancer, genetic disorders, Correlation between mutagenicity and carcinogenicity.

Mutations: Definition, types, detection in bacteria, Neurospora, maize and Drosophila; molecular basis of mutations; induced mutations (radiation and chemical mutagenesis), DNA repair mechanisms, DNA recombination mechanism, mutagen dosage.

SECTION-C

Transposable Genetic Elements: introduction, transposable elements in bacteria (Is elements, Tn 3 family), transposable elements in eukaryotes “Yeast Ty elements”, maize transposons, Drosophila transposons, significance of transposable elements.

Somatic Crossing Over: Molecular mechanism of crossing over, gene conversion, ordered and unordered tetrad analysis, somatic cell hybridization.

Regulation of Gene Expression in Prokaryotes: The Operon model, lac, an inducible operon, trp, a repressible operon, positive control of the lac operon by CAP and CAMP, complex regulation of ara operon, attenuation.

SECTION-D

Polyploids: Inheritance pattern in autopolyploids (chromosome and chromatid segregation), diploidization, role of polyploidy in evolution.

Paleontology and Evolutionary History: The evolutionary time scale; eras, periods and epoch; major events in the evolutionary time scale; origins of unicellular and multicellular organisms; major groups of plants and animals; stages in primate evolution including Homo.

Organic evolution: Review of theories of evolution. Hardy-Weinberg law, speciation, modes of speciation (gradual and abrupt).

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-I)**Books Recommended**

1. Berger, M.W. (1976). Genetic, MacMillan Publishing Co. Inc, New York.
2. Gardner, E.J. Simons, M.J. and Snustad, D.P. (2006). Principles of Genetics, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, Toronto.
2. Klug and Cummings. (1997). Concepts of Genetics, Prentice Hall International Inc., New Jersey
3. Khush. G.S. (1973). Cytogenetics of Aneuploids, Academic Press, New York.
4. Lewin, B. (1997) Genes VI. Oxford University Press, Oxford.
5. Martz C.P. T. and Yong, W.J. (1988). Cytogenetics. Rekha Printers, New Delhi.
6. MinKoff, E.C. (1983). Evolutionary Biology. Addison -Wesley Publishing Co., Massachussettes.
7. Schulz -Schaeffer, J., (1980). Cytogenetics of Plants, Animals and Human, SpringerVerlag, New York.
8. Verma, P.S. and Aggarwal, V.K. (2014). Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution & Ecology, S.Chand & Co. Ltd., New Delhi.

Suggested Practicals

1. Learning the cytogenetics laboratory-methods of microcopy, fixation, staining and dehydration
2. Meiotic and mitotic studies in *Allium cepa*
3. Polyploidy induction methods in laboratory organisms-treatment with colchicine
4. Studies on chromosomal aberrations in *Allium cepa*-using DDT and other pesticides
5. DNA isolation, purity and quantitative estimations.
6. Gel Scoring and data analysis
7. Demonstration of principles of Genetics in *Pisum sativum*
8. Numerical exercises on pedigree analysis, gene interactions, population genetics, chi-square & probability
9. Morphological observations in chromosomes- study on polytenic chromosomes of *Drosophila*.
10. Karyotypic analysis of laboratory organisms-*Allium cepa*, *Vicia faba*, *Drosophila*
11. Studies of human karyotypes and genetic diseases associated.
12. Demonstration of Hardy-Weinberg Law using pea seeds.

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-I)**BOT C518 – Phycology****Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week****Max. Marks: 50****Instructions for the Paper Setters:**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION-A

Habitat and habit, Comparative account of important system of classification (Fritsch and Lee). Organization of thallus, structure of algal cell, algal pigments and photosynthetic apparatus. Algal flagella, nutrition,

SECTION-B

Comparative account of food reserves, reproductive diversity, life history patterns. Chlorophyta (Volvox, Hydrodictyon, Cladophora, Fritschella, Oedogonium, Zygnema, Vaucheria). Charophyta (Chara).

SECTION-C

Phaeophyta (Ectocarpus, Laminaria, Macrocystis, Dictyota, Fucus, Sargassum). Rhodophyta (Porphyra, Batrochospermum, Polysiphonia).

SECTION-D

Cyanophyta (Nostoc, Oscillatoria, Rivularia, Spirulina, Stigonema). Rhythms and bioluminescence in Dinoflagellates, algal blooms. Origin & evolution of sex in algae, economic importance of algae, bacterial and fungal pathogens of algae, algae as indicators of water pollution.

Books Recommended

1. Ahluwalia, A.S. (Ed.) (2003). Phycology. Daya Publishing House, New Delhi-110035
2. Bold, H.C. and Wynne, M.J. (1985). Introduction to the Algae.
3. Reproduction, Prentice Hall Inc. Englewood Cliffs, New York.
4. Kumar. H.D. and Singh, H.H. (1971). A Textbook on Algae, East – West Press Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
5. Smith, G.M. (1955). Cryptogamic Botany, McGraw Hill Publication.
6. Smith, G.M. (1955). Cryptogamic Botany. Vol. II, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi.
7. Trivedi, P.C. (Ed.) (2001). Algal Biotechnology. Pointer Publishers, Jaipur.
8. Fritsch FE (1945). The Structure and Reproduction of Algae. Vol. II. Cambridge Univ. Press. Cambridge, London.

Suggested Practical's

1. Sectioning and permanent mounting of thalli of various species of Cyanophyta, Chlorophyta, Charophyta, Phaeophyta, Rhodophyta.
2. Study of diversity of freshwater and sewage water algae.
3. Preparation of synthetic media and cultivation of algae
4. Interpretation of electron micrograph of some algae.
5. Biochemical analysis of pigments present available in algal species
6. Studies on habit and habitat of various algae
7. Estimation of total carbohydrates from fresh water algae.

BOTC 519- Computer Applications and Bioinformatics

Theory Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week
Max. Marks: 50

Instructions for the Paper Setters:

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION-A

Overview of word processing software, creating, saving and opening a new file in MS-Word, various formatting tools, paragraphs and sections, indents and outdents, creating lists and numbering, types of lists, Headings, styles, fonts and font size. Editing, positioning and viewing texts, Finding and replacing text, inserting page breaks, page numbers, book marks, symbols and dates, Inserting header, footer

SECTION-B

Worksheet: Introduction to worksheet, worksheet basics, building a worksheet, moving within worksheet, entering data into worksheet, saving & quitting worksheet, opening and moving around in an existing worksheet,

Working with Formulae: cell referencing, use of formulae, auto sum, copying formulae, absolute & relative addressing, working with ranges- creating, editing and selecting ranges,

Previewing & Printing Worksheet: page setting, print titles, adjusting margins, page break, headers and footers. Graphs and Charts: using wizards, various charts type, formatting grid lines & legends, previewing & printing charts.

SECTION-C

Introduction to MS Power Point, presentation overview, power point elements, exploring power point Menu, entering information, presentation creation. Opening and saving presentation, slide view, slide sorter view, Notes view, outline view, Printing Slides, formatting and enhancing text formatting.

Introduction to Bioinformatics, History of Bioinformatics, milestones, objectives and applications of Bioinformatics. Introduction to Biological Databases, Types of Databases, Literature Databases: PUBMED, PUBMED Central, European PUBMED Central

SECTION-D

Nucleic acid and protein databases: GenBank, EMBL, DDBJ, SWISSPROT, UNIPROT. Database Retrieval and Deposition Systems: SRS, Entrez, Bankit, Seqin, Webin. Biotechnological Databases: EST, SNP. Databases for species identification and classification: GBIF, taxonomy browser at NCBI. Plant Genome Databases: TAIR, Rice Genome Annotation Project, Maize GDB. Structural Databases: PDB, NDB. Carbohydrates and lipid databases: GlycoSuiteDB, LIPIDAT

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-I)**SUGGESTED PRACTICALS**

- 1) Introduction to MS Word
- 2) Creating Table in MS Word
- 3) Introduction to Page Formatting
- 4) Printing in MS Word
- 6) Page Layout
- 7) Creating Slide Presentation in MS PowerPoint
- 8) Viewing the Slideshow
- 9) Adding Images in MS PowerPoint
- 10) Inserting Sound and Videos in MS PowerPoint
- 11) Introduction to MS Workbook
- 12) Creating different worksheets in MS Excel
- 13) Inserting Charts in MS Excel
- 14) Introduction to various functions in MS Excel

Books Recommended

1. Baxevais B.F. and Quellette F. (2004). *Bioinformatics A Practical Guide to the Analysis of Genes and Proteins*. Wiley-Interscience.
2. Bourhe P. E. and Weissig H. (2003). *Structural Bioinformatics (Methods of Structural Analysis)*. Wiley-Liss.
3. Eidhammer I., Jonassen I. and Taylor W. R. (2004). *Protein Bioinformatics: An Algorithmic Approach to Sequence and Structure Analysis*. Mathematics.
4. Mount D. W. (2004). *Bioinformatics & Genome Analysis*. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press.
5. Orengo C.A., Jones D.T. and Thornton J.M. (2003). *Bioinformatics: Genes Proteins and Computers*. Bios Scientific Pub.
6. Peter Norton's (1998). *Introduction to computers*, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi
7. Sinha, P.K. (1998). *Computer Fundamentals*. BPB Publications, New Delhi.

BOT C522 – Diversity and Biology of Gymnosperms**Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week****Max. Marks: 50****Instructions for the Paper Setters:**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION-A

Gymnosperms, the first seed plants, diversity of structure and complexity. Classification of gymnosperms and their distribution in India and in the globe in time and space. Geological time scale and important geological formations in India

SECTION-B

Morphology, general account, structure and reproduction of Progymnosperms (aneurophytales, archeopteridales etc.): Cycadofilicales, Glossopteridales, Pentoxylales, Cordaitales, Cycadeoidales Cycadales. Ginkgoales, Coniferales, Taxales, Ephedrales, Welwitschiales and Gnetales.

SECTION-C

Evolutionary tendencies in gymnosperm organography and life cycle with particular reference to male and female sporophylls, cones, ovules, seeds and archegonia.

SECTION-D

Pollination mechanisms, cytology of Gymnosperms, general survey of the cytology of gymnosperms.

Books Recommended

1. Arnold, C.A. (1947) An Introduction to Palaeobotany. McGraw Hill Book Company, New York.
2. Bhatnagar, S.P., and Moitra, A. (1996). Gymnosperms. New age International, Private Limited.
3. Biswas, C., and Johri, B.M. (1997). Gymnosperms. Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
4. Brown, H.P. (1989). An Elementary Manual of Indian Tree Technology, Dehradun
5. Chamberlain C.J. (1935) Gymnosperms: Structure and Evolution CBS Publishers and Distributors, N. Delhi.
6. Coulter, J.M., and Chamberlain, C.J. (1917) Morphology of Gymnosperms (Reprinted) Central Book Dept. Allahabad.

Suggested Practical's

1. Study of morphology, structure and reproduction in
2. Cycas, Pinus, Cedrus, Ginkgo, Ephedra, Taxus, Podocarpus, Gnetum
3. Study of fossils: Williamsonia
4. Understanding wood anatomy using T.S, T.L.S and R.L.S in Pinus and Cedrus
5. Study of secondary growth in stem and root

BOT C523– General Microbiology**Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week****Max. Marks: 50****Instructions for the Paper Setters:**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION-A

Methods in Microbiology: Basic principles of microscopy, micrometry, staining, sterilization methods; culture media, pure culture methods. 2. Classification of bacteria, (Bergey's system) characteristics of each group, Nutrition of bacteria, nature of virulence, toxins and extracellular enzymes of pathogenic bacteria, conjugation, transformation and transduction.

SECTION-B

Nomenclature and classification of plant viruses, transmission of plant viruses with control measures, Viroids and origin of viruses, morphology and nature of virus particles, infection and replication with reference to TMV and bacteriophage, viral disease with special reference to encephalitis, hepatitis, AIDS, rabies, foot and mouth disease.

SECTION-C

Environmental Microbiology: Sewage (waste water) treatment : Ecological impact of raw sewage on receiving water, public health impact of raw sewage discharge. Primary, Secondary and tertiary waste water treatments. Total coliform bacteria analysis, Fecal coliform bacteria analysis in drinking water. Landfills, composting. Bioremediation: Biodegradative organisms, advantages of bioremediations, problem associated with bioremediation, methodology of bioremediation. Aeromicrobiology: Important airborne plant, animal and human pathogens, important airborne toxins, nature of bioaerosols aeromicrobiological pathways, sampling devices for the collection of bioaerosols.

SECTION-D

Industrial Microbiology: The Microbe: Primary and secondary metabolites, major industrial products: foods, flavouring agents and food supplement, vitamins and beverages; organic acids; enzymes and microbial transformation; inhibitors; genetically engineered microorganisms – Human insulin and human growth hormones and vaccines Control of Microorganisms by Physical and Chemical Means: Fundamentals of control, physical agents, high temperature, low temperature, desiccation, osmotic pressure, radiation, surface tension and interfacial tension, filtration, characterisation of an ideal antimicrobial chemical agent, selection of a chemical agent for practical application, major groups of antimicrobial agents.

Books Recommended

1. Pelczar MJ, Chan ECS and Krieg NR. (1993). Microbiology. 5th edition. McGraw Hill Book Company.
2. Stanier RY, Ingraham JL, Wheelis ML, and Painter PR. (2005). General Microbiology. 5th edition. McMillan.
3. Tortora GJ, Funke BR, and Case CL. (2008). Microbiology: An Introduction. 9 th edition. Pearson Education.
4. Webster, J. (1980). Introduction to Fungi, 2nd Ed., Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, London.
5. Willey JM, Sherwood LM, and Woolverton CJ. (2008). Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology. 7th edition. McGraw Hill Higher Education.

Suggested practical's

1. Acquaintance with working, principle, parts and precautions of most commonly used instruments in a microbiology lab
2. Calibration of microscope: determination of dimensions of microorganisms
3. Acclimatization with aseptic techniques-sterilisation,preparation and cultivation media for bacteria
4. To prepare temporary and permanent cotton plugs
5. To prepare solid and liquid culture media
6. To culture or cultivate bacteria
7. To stain and study bacteria
8. To measure bacterial cells through ocular micrometry
9. Microscopic examination of milk and curd
10. To isolate micro-organisms from mixed culture and grow a pure culture
11. Isolation of microbes from soil sample by streaking method
12. Isolation of micro organisms from given water sample by serial dilution.
13. Methylene blue reduction test for examining the microbial activity of milk
14. To study radial growth of fungi on nutrient media
15. To determine antibiotic staining of bacterial strain
16. Demonstration of Lambert Beer's law by colorimeter

BOT C524 – Cell Biology**Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week****Max. Marks: 50****Instructions for the Paper Setters:**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION-A

Levels of Structural Organization: Unicellular, colonial and multicellular forms; levels of organization of tissues, organs and systems; comparative anatomy. Membrane Structure and Function: Structure of model membrane, lipid bilayer and membrane protein diffusion, osmosis, ion channels, active transport, ion pumps, mechanism of sorting and regulation of intracellular transport, electrical properties of membranes.

SECTION-B

Structural Organization and Function of Intracellular Organelles: Cell wall, nucleus, mitochondria, Golgi bodies, lysosomes, endoplasmic reticulum, peroxisomes, plastids, vacuoles, chloroplast, structure & function of cytoskeleton and its role in motility. Organization of Genes and Chromosomes: Operon, interrupted genes, gene families, structure of chromatin and chromosomes, unique and repetitive DNA, heterochromatin, euchromatin, transposons

SECTION-C

Cell division and Cell Cycle: Mitosis and meiosis, their regulation, steps in cell cycle, and control of cell cycle. Microbial Physiology: Growth, yield and characteristics, strategies of cell division, stress response Cell Signaling: Hormones and their receptors, cell surface receptor, signaling through G- protein coupled receptors, signal transduction pathways, second messengers, regulation of signaling pathways

SECTION-D

Bacterial and plant two-component signaling systems, bacterial chemotaxis and quorum sensing Cellular Communication: Regulation of hematopoiesis, general principles of cell communication, cell adhesion and roles of different adhesion molecules, gap junctions, extracellular matrix, integrins, neurotransmission and its regulation.

Books Recommended

1. Alberts, B. Bracy, P. Lewis, J. Raff, M. Roberts K and Watson, J. (eds) (1994). Molecular Biology of the Cell, Garland Publishing, New York.
2. Cooper, G. M. (1997). The cell, A Molecular Approach ASM press, Washington, D.C.
3. Chandra Roy, S and DE Kumar, K. (2001) Cell Biology. New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd. Kolkata.
4. Darnell, J. Lodish, H. and Baltimore, D. (1990). Molecular Cell Biology, 2nd edition, Freeman, New York.
5. Derobertis, E. D. P. and Derobertis, E.M.F. (1987). Essentials of Cell and Molecular Biology. Hold Saunders – Philadelphia.
6. Holtzman, E. and Novikoff, A. B. (1984). Cells and Organelles. Saunder Philadelphia.
7. Hopkins, C. L. (1978). Structure and Functions of Cells. Saunders – Philadelphia.
8. Karp, G. (1984). Cell Biology 4th Edition, McGraw Hill, New York.
9. Karp G. (1999). Cell and Molecular Biology. Concepts and Experiments, 2nd Editon John Wiley and Sons, Inc. New York, Brisbane, Toronto.

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-II)

10. Loewy, A. G. , Siekevitz, P, Menningee, J. R. , and Allant, J. A. N. (1991). Cell structure and Functions. An integrated Approach 3rd edition . Saunders College Publishing, Philadelphia, London.
11. Pollard. T.D. and Earnshaw, W.C. (2002) Cell Biology. Saunders, Philadelphia London. New York, St. Luis Sydney, Toronto.
12. Powar, C. B. (1990). Cell Biology. Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay.
13. Sadava, D. E. (1993). Cell Biology – Organelle, Structure and Fuctions. H. Jones and Bartlett-Boston.
14. Sheeler, P. and Binachi, D. E. (1983). Cell Biology, John Wiley, New York.

Suggested practical's

1. Understanding the cytology laboratory- components of compound/electron microscope
2. Examination of electron micrographs of eukaryotic cells with special reference to organelles.
3. Examination of various stages of mitosis and meiosis using appropriate plants material (e.g. onion root tips, onion flower buds).
4. Calculation of Mitotic and meiotic index from dividing root tip cells and pollen grains.
5. Study on cyclosis in Tradescantia and Hydrilla leaves.
6. Observations on Barr bodies in Squamous epithelium
7. Preparation of Feulgen stained chromosomes in root tip cells
8. Effect of colchicine on chromosome movements during mitosis
9. Use of fluorescent dye to visualise cell components.

BOT C527 Bryology**Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week****Max. Marks: 50****Instructions for the Paper Setters:**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION-A

Habitat and habit and distribution of Bryophytes, origin of bryophytes (including fossil records), primitive vs advanced/derived characters, economic importance

SECTION-B

Comparative morphological account of gametophytes and sporophytes and life cycle of Marchantiales (Riccia, Marchantia, Tarigonia, Cyathodium, Lunularia) Sphaeropales (Sphaerocarpus) Calobryales Jungermanniales (Porella) Metzgeriales (Pellia) Anthocerotales (Anthoceros) Sphagnales (Sphagnum) Andreaeales (Andrea) Bryales. (Funaria)

SECTION-C

Origin of land habit, Evolution of gametophyte and sporogonium in liverworts and mosses (taking examples of above mentioned orders)

SECTION-D

Means of spore dispersal, Peristomal teeth in mosses, Palynology of Bryophytes, Method to conserve Bryophytes at national level. Morphogenetic changes in moss protonema, Characteristic endohydric, ectohydric, myxohydric bryophytes

Books Recommended

1. Bower, F.O. (1908). The Origin of Land Flora. The MacMillan Press, London.
2. Campbell, D.R. (1985). The Evolution of Land Plants (Embryophyta) Reprinted Central Book Depot, Allahabad
3. Smith, G.M. (1955). Cryptogamic Botany. Vol. II, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi.
4. Stewart, W.N. (1983). Palaeobotany and Evolution of Plants. Cambridge University Press, London.
5. Taylor, T.N. (1981). Palaeobotany. An Introduction to Fossil Plant Biology, McGraw Hill Book Company, New York.
6. Kumar, S.S. (1984) An Approach towards Phylogenetic Classification of Mosses, Jour. Hattori Bot. Lab. Nichinan, Japan.
7. Goffinet, B. and Shaw, A.J. (2000) Bryophyte Biology, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, pp. 476

Suggested Practical's

1. Morphological, reproductive and anatomical study of representative members of the bryophytes studied in theory using cleared whole mount preparation and sectioning (Riccia, Marchantia, Porella, Pellia, Funaria, Sphagnum, Polytrichum).
2. Studies on habit and natural habitat of bryophytes.
3. Study of Peristomal teeth (WM)
4. Study of Scales, rhizoids (WM)
5. Study of dehiscence pattern of sporogonium

BOTC 528Pteridology**Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week****Max. Marks: 50****Instructions for the Paper Setters:**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION-A

Origin of land floras, differentiation of organs in vascular plants – telome and enation theories, significance and shortcomings. Monophyletic vs polyphyletic origin of pteridophytes, pteridophytic life cycle with Reference to alternation of generations, homologous and the antithetic theories of the origin of the sporophyte.

SECTION-B

General characters and classification of pteridophytes, occurrence, comparative organography, systematics, reproduction and types of life cycle in: Psilophytales, (psilophytum) Rhyniales, (Rhynia) Psilotales, (Psilotum). Lycopodiales, (lycopodium,) Selleginallales (Selleginella)

SECTION-C

Equisetales (Equisetum) Ophioglossales, (Ophioglossum) Marattiales, (Marrattia) Filicales, (Pteris, Dryopteris) Marseliales (Marsilea) Salviniales. (Salvinia, Azolla). Evolutionary trends in pteridophytes, prothallial evolution, organization and evolution of sorus in ferns.,

SECTION-D

Apomictic life cycle, apogamy, apospory, heterospory and seed habit. Spore structure, pattern of spore germination in ferns, Role of polyploidy and hybridization in speciation in ferns, Utility of fern for phytoremediation.

Books Recommended

1. Bower F.O. (1928). The Ferns, Vols. I – III. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
2. Parihar, N.S. (1992). The Biology and Morphology of Pteridophytes, Central Book
3. Rashid, A. (1991). An Introduction to Pteridophytes. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. Distributors, Allahabad.
4. Sinnott, E.W. (1960). Plant Morphogenesis. McGraw Hill Book Company Inc. New York, Toronto, London.
5. Sporne, K.R. (1962). Morphology of Pteridophytes, BI Publications, New Delhi.
6. Stewart, W.N. (1983). Palaeobotany and Evolution of Plants. Cambridge University Press, London.
7. Taylor, T.N. (1981). Palaeobotany. An Introduction to Fossil Plant Biology, McGraw Hill Book Company, New York.
8. Sporne, K.R. (1982) The morphology of Pteridophytes, B.I., Publications, Bombay, Delhi, Madras.

Suggested Practical's

1. Morphological, reproductive and anatomical study of representative members of the pteridophytes studied in theory using cleared whole mount preparation and sectioning (Selaginella, Lycopodium, Equisetum, Pteris, Dryopteris, Marselia, Salvinia)
2. Studies on habit and natural habitat of pteridophytes
3. Study of spore morphology
4. Study of spore germination on Knop's medium

BOT C529 – Ecological Modelling and Forest Ecology**Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week****Max. Marks: 50****Instructions for the Paper Setters:**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

SECTION-A

Exponential Population Growth: Differential equations, finite rate of increase, intrinsic rate of natural increase, stable age distribution, matrix model for population growth. Logistic Population Growth: Differential model for population growth in limited environment. Interaction Between Two Species: Competition – Differential equations, Leslie-Gower Model, Lotka-Volterra model for predator – prey interaction, Leslie model, simple epidemics

SECTION-B

Association Analysis and Community Classification: Chisquare, Cole's measures and point correlation coefficient for association, continuum concept. Species Diversity: Species area relationships, species abundance relationships – information measures of diversity. Brillouin's measure, Shannon-Weaver measure, Simpson's measure. Extinction and formation of single populations, McArthur – Wilson theory of biogeography

SECTION-C

Production and Energy Flow: Production in animal populations, efficiency, measurement of ingestion. measurement of production in plants, litter decomposition. Forest types, climatic region of India, Central, characters and distribution of different forest type of India, Salient features of Indian forest act 1972, different methods employed for conservation of forest, Social and urban forest

SECTION-D

Environmental Law & Policy: Constitutional provisions, Water (prevention and control of pollution) Act, 1974, Air (prevention and control of pollution) Act, 1981, Environment Protection Act, 1986, Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980, Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972, the concept of biosphere reserves, International environmental perspectives

Books Recommended

1. Barbour, M.G., Burk, J.H. and Pitts, W.D. (1987). Terrestrial Plan Ecology, Benjamin/Cummings Publication Company, California.
2. Batschelet, E. (1971). Introduction to Mathematics for Life Scientists. Springer-Verlag, Berlin.
3. Begon, M. Harper, J.L. and Townsend, C.R. (1996). Ecology, Blackwell Science, Cambridge.
4. Brady, N.C. (1990). The Nature and Properties of Soils. Macmillan.
5. Chapman, J.L. and Reiss, M.J. (1988). Ecology: Principles and Applications, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
6. De, A.K. (1990). Environmental Chemistry. Wiley Eastern Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
7. Heywood, V.H. and Watson, R.T. (1995). Global Biodiversity Assessment, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
8. Hill, M.K. (1997). Understanding Environmental Pollution. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
9. Kormondy, E.J. (1996). Concepts of Ecology. Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
10. Krebs, C.J. (1989). Ecological Methodology. Harper and Row, New York, USA.)
11. Koromody, E.J. (1981). Concepts of Ecology. Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
12. Ludwig, J and Reynolds, J.F. (1988). Statistical Ecology. John Wiley & Sons, New York.

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-II)

13. Magurran, A.E. (1988). Ecological Diversity and its Measurement. Chapman & Hall, London.
14. Mason, C.F. (1991). Biology of Freshwater Pollution, Longman
15. Misra, R.(1968). Ecology Work Book. Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.
16. Moldan, B. and Billharz, S. (1997). Sustainability Indicators. John Wiley & Sons, New York.
17. Moore, P.W. and Chapman, S.B. (1986). Methods in Plant Ecology. Blackwell Scientific Publications, Cambridge.
18. Odum, E.P. (1971). Fundamentals of Ecology, Saunders , Philadelphia
19. Odum, E.P. (1983). Basic Ecology. Saunders , Philadelphia.
20. Pielou, E.C. (1984). The Interpretation of Ecological Data, Wiley, New York.
21. Poole, R.W. (1974). An Introduction to Quantitative Ecology. McGraw Hill Book Co., New York.
22. Smith, R.L. (1996). Ecology and Field Biology. Harper Collins, New York
23. Forest Ecology (3rd Edition) by James P. Kimmins Publisher Benjamin Cummings (2003)
24. Introduction to remote sensing (5th Edition,2011) by Jmes B. Compbell and Randolph H. Loynne, Publisher The Guilford Press.

Suggested Practicals

1. To determine minimum size and number of quadrats required for reliable estimate of biomass in grassland.
2. To find out association between grassland species using chi square test
3. To analyse plant communities using Bra-Curtis ordination method.
4. To determine soil moisture content, porosity, bulk density of different soil samples collected from different locations.
5. To study chlorophyll content of SO₂ fumigated and unfumigated plant leaves.
6. To determine Na, K concentration of water sample using flame photometer.
7. To determine water holding capacity of different soil samples.
8. To determine percent organic C and organic matter in different soil samples
9. To estimate chlorophyll content in SO₂fumigated and unfumigated plant leaves.
10. To estimate rate of CO₂ evolution from different soil using soda lime or alkali absorption method
11. To determine sulphate content of water samples
12. To determine O₂ content of water sample.

BOT C612 – Developmental Botany

Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week
Max. Marks: 50

Instructions for paper setters : The question paper will consist of three sections. Candidate will be required to attempt all the sections.

Section A (8 Marks) : It will consist of one question having eight parts. Candidates will be required to attempt all the parts, each part carrying one mark. Answer to any part should not exceed four lines.

Section B (21 Marks) : It will consist of ten questions. Candidates will be required to attempt seven questions, each question carrying three marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed two pages.

Section C (21 Marks) : It will consist of five questions. Candidates will be required to attempt three questions, each question carrying seven marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed four pages.

Unit-I

Pollination: Ultrastructural and histochemical details of style and stigma, self and interspecific incompatibility, significance of pollen-pistil interaction, role of pollen pistil interaction, role of pollen wall proteins and stigma surface proteins, barriers to fertilization, methods of overcoming incompatibilities, intra-ovarian pollination, in vitro pollination.

Unit-II

Fertilization: Heterospermy, differential behaviour of male gametes, discharge and movement of sperms, syngamy and triple fusion, post fertilization metabolic and structural changes in embryo sac.

Endosperm: Types, ultrastructure, cellularization in nuclear endosperm, endosperm haustoria, their extension and persistence, function, storage, metabolites, endosperm culture.

Unit-III

Embryo: Polarization of zygote, embryogenic types, histology and organogenesis of dicot embryos, organless (undifferentiated) embryos, delayed and differentiation of embryo, structure, cytology and function of suspensor, physiological and morphogenetical relationship of endosperm and embryo, embryo culture for rescue of hybrid embryo. Polyembryony: Types, genetic and somatic, pollen embryos.

Apomixis: Apospory, Parthenogenetic Development of Embryo, Importance. Seed: Growth and Development, Seed Appendages.

Unit-IV

Embryology & Taxonomy: Diagnostic embryological characters, Primitive and advanced characters, Role of embryology and palynology in taxonomy.

Role of Embryology in Plant Breeding: Embryology of hybrids, disfunction of endosperm, arrested development of embryo.

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-III)**Books Recommended**

1. Bhojwani, S.S. and Bhatnagar, S.P. (1975). The Embryology of Angiosperms. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, Delhi.
2. Eames, A.J. (1961) Morphology of the Angiosperms. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co.Ltd. Bombay.
3. Maheshwari, P. (1950), An Introduction to the Embryology of Angiosperms. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd. Bombay – New Delhi.
4. Parihar NS (1993) An Introduction to Embryophyta: Vol I – Bryophyta, Vol II –Pteridophyta, Central Book Dept. Allahabad.
5. Raghavan V (2000) Developmental Biology of Flowering Plants, Springer, Netherlands
6. Raghavan V (1997). Molecular Embryology of Flowering Plants. Cambridge. University Press.
7. Richards AJ (1986) Plant Breeding System, George Allen and Unwin.
8. Shivanna KR (2003) Pollen Biology and Biotechnology, Science Publisher
9. Sinnet, E.W. (1960), Plant Morphogenesis, McGraw Hill Book Company Inc., New York.

Suggested Practical's

1. Examination of the following with the help of hand sections, dissections and prepared longitudinal, transverse of Flowers: Transmitting tissue/canal in the stigma and style, Various types of flowers and placentation, Special types of flowers with emphasis on vasculature of androecium and gynoecium.
2. Study from permanent preparations, development and structure of anther, pollen, ovules, megasporogenesis, embryo sac, endosperm and embryo.
3. Study of microsporogenesis and gametogenesis in sections of anther.
4. Examination of modes of anther dehiscence and collection of pollen grains for microscopic examination (maize, grasses, Cannabis sativa, Croton, Tradescantia, Brassica, Petunia, Solanum melongena).
5. Test for pollen viability using stain and in vitro pollination. Pollen germination using hanging drops, sitting drop culture and suspension culture.
6. Estimating percentage and average pollen tube length in vitro.
7. Field study of several types of flowers with different pollination mechanisms (wind, insects, bird pollination)

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-III)**BOT C613 – Plant Molecular Biology****Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week****Max. Marks: 50**

Instructions for paper setters : The question paper will consist of three sections. Candidate will be required to attempt all the sections.

Section A (8 Marks) : It will consist of one question having eight parts. Candidates will be required to attempt all the parts, each part carrying one mark. Answer to any part should not exceed four lines.

Section B (21 Marks) : It will consist of ten questions. Candidates will be required to attempt seven questions, each question carrying three marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed two pages.

Section C (21 Marks) : It will consist of five questions. Candidates will be required to attempt three questions, each question carrying seven marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed four pages.

Unit-I

The Law of DNA constancy and C-value paradox, DNA sequencing. Organization of transcriptional units; mechanism of transcription of prokaryotes and eukaryotes; RNA processing (capping polyadenylation, splicing, introns and exons); ribonucleo-proteins, structure of mRNA.

Unit-II

Recombinant DNA technology, host cell restriction, restriction endonucleases, DNA ligases, topoisomerases, gyrases and methylases. Cloning strategies, selection and screening of recombinant clones, genomic DNA and cDNA libraries, biological and physical containment of recombinant DNA clones. Agarose gel electrophoresis, Southern/Northern/ Western blotting.

Unit-III

Cloning vehicles, plasmids, bacteriophages, viruses, cosmids, Ti-plasmid, CaMv plasmid, construction of plasmid vectors, M13 vectors, their use in cloning and sequencing, expression vectors, lysogeny and lytic cycles in bacteriophages.

Unit-IV

Genetic colonization of plants by Agrobacterium infection and tumour growth, Ti – plasmids, neoplastic transformation of plant cells, organization of T-DNA, nucleotide sequences of T-DNA. PCR, DNA fingerprinting by RAPDs and RFLPs.

Genomics and proteomics: Genetics and physical mapping of genes, molecular markers for transgenic plants, artificial chromosomes, high throughput sequencing, genome projects, bioinformatics, functional genomics, microarrays, protein profiling and its significance.

Books Recommended

1. Becker, W.M., Kleinsmith, L.J., Hardin. J. and Bertoni, G. P. (2009). The World of the Cell. VII Edition. Pearson Benjamin Cummings Publishing, San Francisco.
2. De Robertis, E.D.P. and De Robertis, E.M.F. (2006). Cell and Molecular Biology. VIII Edition. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.
3. Hackett PB, Fuchs JA & Messing JW. 1988. An Introduction to Recombinant DNA Technology - Basic Experiments in Gene Manipulation. 2nd Ed. Benjamin Publ. Co.
4. Karp, G. (2010). Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. VI Edition. John Wiley & Sons. Inc.
5. Sambrook J & Russel D. 2001. Molecular Cloning - a Laboratory Manual. 3rd Ed. Cold Spring Harbor Lab. Press.
6. Singh BD. 2005. Biotechnology, Expanding Horizons. Kalyani Publishers, Delhi
7. Watson, J. D., Baker T.A., Bell, S. P., Gann, A., Levine, M., and Losick, R., (2008)
8. Molecular Biology of the Gene (VI Edition.). Cold Spring Harbour Lab. Press, Pearson Pub.

Suggested practical's

1. Identification of the parts of bright- field microscope and demonstration of its use and care.
2. Perform basic microbiological techniques such as sterile plating and isolation of single colonies
3. Isolation of DNA from biological samples
4. Characterization of isolated DNA using agarose gel electrophoresis
5. Graph and analyze agarose gel data
6. Genetic transformation of bacteria
7. Screening and selection of transformants
8. Demonstration of PCR technique
9. Spectrophotometric estimation of DNA
10. Demonstration of DNA sequencing technique

BOT C614 – Plant Breeding and IPR

Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week
Max. Marks: 50

Instructions for paper setters : The question paper will consist of three sections. Candidate will be required to attempt all the sections.

Section A (8 Marks) : It will consist of one question having eight parts. Candidates will be required to attempt all the parts, each part carrying one mark. Answer to any part should not exceed four lines.

Section B (21 Marks) : It will consist of ten questions. Candidates will be required to attempt seven questions, each question carrying three marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed two pages.

Section C (21 Marks) : It will consist of five questions. Candidates will be required to attempt three questions, each question carrying seven marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed four pages.

Unit-I

Primary and secondary centres of diversity, utilization of wild plants in crop improvement, introduction and domestication as methods of plant breeding.

Types and introduction, vegetative sexual and apomictic, their effects on generating and fixing genotypic variation, male sterility and self incompatibility mechanisms.

Unit-II

Breeding systems of crop species; systems of mating in sexually reproducing species and their genetic consequences. Breeding methods for self and cross pollinated crops; pureline and mass selection, recurrent selection and clonal selection.

Hybridization in self and cross pollinated crops. Inbreeding depression and hybrid vigor, genetic and physiological basis of heterosis, hybrid varieties, synthetic and composite varieties.

Unit-III

Breeding for disease resistance, classification of resistance, responses of the host to pathogens, variability systems of pathogenic fungi, breeding disease resistant varieties; multiline varieties.

Heritability, genetic advance, correlation of characters, path analysis, multiple comparison test, discriminant function and cluster analysis.

Unit-IV

Mutations, aneuploidy and polyploidy as methods of plant improvement, interspecific and intergeneric hybrids, role of genetic engineering.

Intellectual Property Rights: (IPR/TRIPS), International Intellectual Property System; Plant Variety Protection; the regular patent systems, trade secrecy, biosafety; laws and conventions related to intellectual property rights.

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-III)**Books Recommended**

1. Agrawal, R.L. (1998). Fundamentals of Plant Breeding and Hybrid Seed Production Oxford and IBM Publ. Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Allard, R. W. (1981), Principles of Plant Breeding. John Wiley & Sons, N. York.
3. Anonymous (1997). National Gene Bank: Indian Heritage on Plant Genetic Resources(Booklet). National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources, New Delhi.
4. Bhandari, M.M. (1974). Practicals in Plant Breeding. A Manual cum practical record. Oxford and IBH Publ. Co. New Delhi.
5. Chopra, F.L. (Ed.) (2001). Plant Breeding: Theory and Practice. (Reprint 1994). Oxford and IBH Publ. Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
6. Gupta SK. 2005. Practical Plant Breeding. Agribios
7. Poehlman, J.M. and Sleper, D.A. (1995). Breeding Field Crops (4th Edition) Panima Publishing Corporation, New Delhi.
8. Raghuvanshi, R.K., Chauhan, A.K.S and Sidhigui, B.A. (1995). Practical Exercises in Cytology, Genetics, Plant Breeding and Biostatistics (1st Edition). CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
9. Roy Darbeshwar(2000). Plant Breeding - Analysis and Exploitation of Variation. Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
10. Sharma A.K. and Sharma A. (1999). Plant Breeding. Lecture Notes on Patents November 1999). Technology Information, Forecasting and Assessment Council(TIFAC), Department of Science and Technology(DST), Technology Bhavan, New Mehrouli Road, New Delhi.
11. Sharma, J.R. (1994). Principles and Practice of Plant Breeding, Tata McGraw Hill Publ.Comp. Ltd., New Delhi.
12. Singh, B.D. (2005), Plant Breeding - Principles and Methods, Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiana.
13. Singh BD. 2006. Plant Breeding. Kalyani.
14. Singh S & Pawar IS. 2006. Genetic Bases and Methods of Plant Breeding
15. Stoskopf N.C., Tames D.T. and Chrisie B.R. (1993). Plant Breeding -Theory and Practice. West view Press, Boulder
16. Sundararaj, D.D. and Thulsidas G. (1993). Botany of Field Crops (2nd Edition), MacMillan India Ltd., New Delhi.
17. Vijendra Das L.D (1998). Plant Breeding. New Age International Publishers, New Delhi.

Suggested Practical's

1. Floral biology in self and cross pollinated species,
2. Selfing and crossing techniques.
3. Numerical exercises on probability and biostatistics
4. Maintenance of experimental records;
5. Learning techniques in hybrid seed production
6. To study Breeders kit.
7. Studies on centres of origin of various useful crops
8. To study Vegetative Propagation in –Potato , Onion bulb. Sugarcane, Ginger.
9. To perform exploration for determination of male sterility.
10. To perform Field exploration for determination of Dichogamy, Heterostyly and Dioecy.
11. To estimate Pollen viability in *Zea mays* and *Hibiscus*.

BOT C615 – Plant Biochemistry

Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week
Max. Marks: 50

Instructions for paper setters : The question paper will consist of three sections. Candidate will be required to attempt all the sections.

Section A (8 Marks) : It will consist of one question having eight parts. Candidates will be required to attempt all the parts, each part carrying one mark. Answer to any part should not exceed four lines.

Section B (21 Marks) : It will consist of ten questions. Candidates will be required to attempt seven questions, each question carrying three marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed two pages.

Section C (21 Marks) : It will consist of five questions. Candidates will be required to attempt three questions, each question carrying seven marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed four pages.

Unit-I

Cellular Chemistry: Covalent and noncovalent interactions, hydrogen bond, electrostatic interactions, hydrophobic interactions, Van der Waals forces and their significance, structure and properties of water and its biological significance, pH and its significance, pH scale, Henderson-Hasselbalch equation, buffers (inorganic and organic) and their importance, ATP-the energy currency, phosphorylation / dephosphorylation of proteins.

Unit-II

Metabolism of Carbohydrates: Overview of intermediary metabolism, carbohydrates and lipids of physiologic significance, glycolysis and oxidation of pyruvate, citric acid cycle, catabolism of acetyl-CoA, metabolism of glycogen, gluconeogenesis and control of the blood glucose, pentose phosphate pathway and other pathways of hexose metabolism like uronic acid fructose metabolism pathways.

Unit-III

Lipid Metabolism: Biosynthesis of fatty acids, oxidation of fatty acids, ketogenesis, metabolism of fatty acids, ketogenesis, metabolism of acylglycerols and sphingolipids, lipid transport and storage, cholesterol, synthesis, transport and excretion, integration of metabolism and provision of tissue fuels.

Unit-IV

Enzymology: Introduction to enzymology, history of enzymes, nomenclature and classification. Specificity of enzymes: group specificity, absolute specificity, stereochemical specificity. Mechanism of enzyme catalysis: Activation energy, Nature of active sites, enzyme-substrate complex, induced fit hypothesis, strain and distortion theory.

Enzyme Kinetics: Michaelis-Menton Equation, Lineweaver-Burk plot. Regulation of enzyme activity and concentration: Brief account of enzyme induction and repression, covalent modification, isoenzymes and allosteric enzymes

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-III)**Books Recommended**

1. Buchanan, B.B., Gruissem, W., and Jones, R.L. (2002). Biochemistry and Molecular Biology of Plants. American Society of Plant Physiologists, Maryland.
2. Dennis, D.T., Turpin, D.H., Lefebvre, D.D., and Layzell, D.B. (eds) (1997). Plant Metabolism. Longman, Essex.
3. Dryer, R.L. and Lata, G.F. (1989). Experimental Biochemistry, Oxford University Press, New York.
4. Goldsby, R.A. Kindt, T.J., Osborne B.A., Kuby, J. (2003). Immunology. W.H. Freeman & Company, New York.
5. Murray, R.K., Grammer, D.K., Mayes, P.A. and Rodwell V.W. (1990). Harper's Biochemistry. Prentice Hall International Inc., London.
6. Nelson, D.L. and Cox, M.M. (2000). Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry. Worth Publishers, New York.
7. Stanley, J. (2002). Essentials of Immunology and Serology. Delmar Thomson Learning, USA.
8. Tryer, L. (1995). Biochemistry W.H. Freeman & Co., New York.
9. Westhoff, P. (1998). Molecular Plant Development: From Gene to Plant. Oxford University Press, Oxford
10. Wilson, K. and Goulding, K.H. (Eds.) 1986. A Biologists Guide to Principles and Techniques of Practical Biochemistry, Edward Arnold, London.
11. Zubay G. (1993). Biochemistry. WCB Publishers, IOWA.

Suggested Practical's

1. Preparation of the solutions of different concentrations. Preparation of the inorganic and organic buffers of different conc. and pH.
2. Preparation of the standard curve of protein and determine the protein content in unknown samples by Lowry's method.
3. Estimation of the protein content in given plant sample by Bradford's method
4. Estimation of the protein content in given plant sample by Biuret's method
5. Estimation of the carbohydrates in given plant sample Anthrone's reagent.
6. Estimation of the carbohydrates in given plant sample Dubois's method
7. Estimation of the activity of enzyme catalase
8. Estimation of the activity of enzyme peroxidase.
9. Preparation of the standard curve of proline and determine the proline content in unknown samples by Bates's method.
10. SDS-PAGE for soluble proteins extracted from the given plant material and comparison of their profile by staining with Coomassie brilliant blue.

BOT C616 – Applied Botany

Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week
Max. Marks: 50

Instructions for paper setters : The question paper will consist of three sections. Candidate will be required to attempt all the sections.

Section A (8 Marks) : It will consist of one question having eight parts. Candidates will be required to attempt all the parts, each part carrying one mark. Answer to any part should not exceed four lines.

Section B (21 Marks) : It will consist of ten questions. Candidates will be required to attempt seven questions, each question carrying three marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed two pages.

Section C (21 Marks) : It will consist of five questions. Candidates will be required to attempt three questions, each question carrying seven marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed four pages.

Unit-I

Food Plants: History and nature of food plants, major and minor cereals, legumes and pulses, vegetables, fruits and nuts, vegetable oils and fats. Extraction of sugar from sugarcane. Flow diagram of the process with a critical study of the steps involved, problems faced by the sugar industry in India. By-products of sugar industry, distillation of alcohol and other products with special reference to distilleries in Punjab. Food adjuncts: Spices condiments and other flavouring agents, beverages, fumitory and masticatory materials; functional foods.

Unit-II

Forest Products: Wood & Oak, gums and resins, rubber, oils. Physical characteristics of Indian woods, methods of seasoning and chemical treatment of specialized use, fireproofing of the wood. Industrial manufacturing of packing material and plywood and the classifications of plywoods according to their use. Some important commercial woods: *Dalbergia spp.*, *Shorea robusta*, *Tectona grandis*, *Cedrus deodara*, Bamboo-the 'greengold' of India. Essential oil yielding plants of India, their use in perfumery.

Unit-III

Industrial Plant Products: Fibre yielding plants, essential oils, fatty oil and waxes, tanning and dyeing materials, rubber and other latex yielding products, gums and resins, sugars, starches and other cellulose products. Manufacturing of paper and board from raw plant material. Manufacturing of crude and high quality paper, recycled paper; soils; bio fuel producing plants.

Fibres: Classification of fibres, physical and chemical processes involved in the manufacturing of fibres from different types of fibre yielding plants.

Unit-IV

The Rubber Plants of India, Extraction of Raw Rubber and its Chemical Processing for the Manufacturing of Finished Rubber. Sources of gums and resins and their classifications according to their chemical nature. Extraction of the raw resin and down the line processing for turpentine and other products. Sources of natural dyes in India and their extraction methods, merits and limitations of plant based dyes.

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-III)**Books Recommended**

1. Ambasta S P (1994). The Useful Plants of India.(3rd Ed.). Publications & Information Directorate, New Delhi.
2. Brown H P (1989). An Elementary Manual on Indian Wood Technology (Reprinted).International Book Distributors, Dehra Dun, India.
3. Kochhar S. L. (1998). Economic Botany in the Tropics. MacMillan India Limited, Delhi.
4. Pandey B P (1984). Economic Botany (3rd Ed.). S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi.
5. Shankar Gopal Joshi (2000). Medicinal Plants. Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
6. Trotter H (1982). The Common Commercial Timbers of India and Their Uses. The Controller of Publications, Delhi.
7. Wickens GE (2004) Economic Botany: Principles and Practices, Springer, ISBN 978-0-7923-6781-9.

Suggested practical's**To study economic importance, distribution, centres of origin of following specimens:**

1. Study of morphology and microchemical tests for stored food material for cereals: Wheat (*Triticumaestivum*), Rice (*Oryza sativa*), Maize (*Zea mays*)
2. Study of morphology and microscopic study of fibres: Cotton (*Gossypiumsp*), Jute (*Corchoruscapsularis*), Flax (*Linumusitatissimum*) Sugar yielding plant: Sugarcane (*Saccharumofficinarum*)
3. Study of morphology of oil yielding plants:Groundnut(*Arachis hypogea*), Mustard (*Brassicasp*), Coconut (*Cocosnucifera*),Castor(*Ricinuscommunis*),Soyabean(*Glycine max*)and performing tests for oil.
4. Study of morphology and alkaloid present in spices:Ginger(*Zingiberofficinale*),Turmeric(*Curcuma longa*), Coriander (*Coriandrumsativum*), Clove (*Eugenia aromaticum*), Black Pepper (*Pipernigrum*), Cinnamon (*Cinnamomumzeylanicum*)
5. Study of morphology and medicinal value for medicinal plants: Amla (*Emblicaofficinalis*), Bahera(*Terminaliabelerica*),Harhar(*Terminaliachibula*),Sarpagandha(*Rauwolfiserpentine*),Ashwagandha(*Withaniasomnifera*),Liquorice(*Glycyrrhizaglabra*),Poppy(*Papaversomniferum*),Arjuna(*Terminaliaarjuna*)
6. Study of morphology and nutrition value for pulses:Green Gram(*Phaseolusaureus*),Black Gram(*Phaseolusmungo*),Pigeon Pea(*Cajanascajan*),Kidney Bean(*Phaseolus vulgaris*)
7. Study of morphology of plants producing fruitsCitrus(*Citrus sp*), Apple(*Maluspumila*), Mango (*Mangiferaindica*), Banana(*Musasapientum*),Pineapple(*Ananascomosus*), Grapevine (*Vitissp*)
8. Vegetables:Potato (*Solanumtuberosum*), Radish (*Rapahnussativus*), Turnip (*Brassica rapa*)
9. Study of morphology of Beverages:Tea (*Theasinensis*), Coffee(*Coffeaarabica*) and knowledge of processing method.

BOT C617 – Plant Morphogenesis

Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week
Max. Marks: 50

Instructions for paper setters : The question paper will consist of three sections. Candidate will be required to attempt all the sections.

Section A (8 Marks) : It will consist of one question having eight parts. Candidates will be required to attempt all the parts, each part carrying one mark. Answer to any part should not exceed four lines.

Section B (21 Marks) : It will consist of ten questions. Candidates will be required to attempt seven questions, each question carrying three marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed two pages.

Section C (21 Marks) : It will consist of five questions. Candidates will be required to attempt three questions, each question carrying seven marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed four pages.

Unit-I

Correlation: Physiological and genetic correlations.

Polarity: Polarity as expressed in external and internal structures, polarity in isolated cells, polarity in plasmodia and coenocytes, physiological manifestations of polarity, developmental patterns.

Unit-II

Symmetry: Inorganic and organic symmetries, radial symmetry bilateral symmetry, dorsiventral symmetry, development of symmetry.

Differentiation: Growth and differentiation, differentiation as expressed in structure, external and internal differentiation, differentiation during ontogeny, differentiation in relation to environment, physiological differentiation, differentiation without growth.

Unit-III

Regeneration: Regeneration in lower plants, regeneration in higher plants, reconstitution, restoration, reproductive regeneration.

Tissue Mixtures: Stock – scion interrelations, chimeras, somatic mutations.

Unit-IV

Abnormal Growth: Abnormal development of organs, production of new types of organized structures, amorphous structures.

Morphogenetic Factors: Introduction to factors-light, water temperature, physical factors, genetic factors and chemical factors in general.

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-III)**Books Recommended**

1. Ainsworth C (2006) Flowering and its Manipulation, Annual Plant Reviews, Vol. 20. Blackwell Publishing, Oxford, U.K.
2. Brown TA. (2002) Genomes, BIOS Scientific Publishers Ltd, Oxford, UK.
3. Bhojwani, S.S. and Bhatnagar, S.P. (1975). The Embryology of Angiosperms. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, Delhi.
4. Eames, A.J. (1961) Morphology of the Angiosperms. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. Bombay.
5. Maheshwari, P. (1950), An Introduction to the Embryology of Angiosperms.
6. Sinnet, E.W. (1960), Plant Morphogenesis, McGraw Hill Book Company Inc., New York.
7. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd. Bombay – New Delhi.

Suggested Practical's

1. Emasculation, bagging, hand pollination to study pollen germination, seed set and fruit development.
2. Study of cleistogamous flowers and their adaptations.
3. Study of nuclear and cellular endosperm through dissection and staining.
4. Isolation of zygotic globular, heart shaped, torpedo stage and mature embryos from suitable seed
5. Study of seed dormancy and methods to break dormancy
6. Study the primitive and advanced characters of plants in angiosperms
7. Study various methods of asexual reproduction and vegetative reproduction
8. Study effects light, gravity, humidity temperature on plants
9. To study effect of bending on plant morphogenesis.

BOT C621 – Plant Anatomy

Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week
Max. Marks: 50

Instructions for paper setters : The question paper will consist of three sections. Candidate will be required to attempt all the sections.

Section A (8 Marks) : It will consist of one question having eight parts. Candidates will be required to attempt all the parts, each part carrying one mark. Answer to any part should not exceed four lines.

Section B (21 Marks) : It will consist of ten questions. Candidates will be required to attempt seven questions, each question carrying three marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed two pages.

Section C (21 Marks) : It will consist of five questions. Candidates will be required to attempt three questions, each question carrying seven marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed four pages.

UNIT-I

The Shoot and Root System: Primary structure and basic vasculature, the root-stem transition, secondary growth in stems and roots , the origin of cambium and its activity, anomalous secondary growth, polycyclic vasculature, secondary meristems, origin and function , the role of pericycle, phellogen., phellem, phelloderm, distribution of sclerenchyma in leaves, stem and roots.

Nodal Anatomy: Types of nodes in dicots and monocots, the node-internode transition, formation of leaf and branch traces.

UNIT-II

Histology of Wood : Growth rings, types and ultrastructure of tracheids , vessels and wood rays , longitudinal parenchyma and its arrangement , grain and texture , knots, formation of resin cavities and tyloses, anatomy and chemistry of lignification , physical and anatomical features of common hard and soft woods of India , importance of density and weight in commercial utilization of woods.

UNIT-III

Floral Anatomy: The anatomy of floral axis and the whorls, the leaf origin of carpel, evidences from anatomy of essential and accessory whorls.

Fruit and Seed Anatomy: Gross and ultrastructural surface features of the fruits and seeds, role in taxonomy, internal anatomy of dicot and monocot seeds, organ and cellular anatomy of typical monocot and dicot seeds.

UNIT-IV

Laticifers and Lenticels: Types and distribution , anatomy in relation to physiological roles,

Functional Anatomy: Anatomy of leaf in relation to photosynthesis and transpiration, modification of the root stem and leaf anatomy in relation to habit and habitat with special reference to aquatics , nitrogen fixers, xerophytes parasites and mycorrhizas

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-IV)**Books Recommended**

1. Carlquist S (2001). Comparative Wood Anatomy, Springer-Verlag, Germany.
2. Cutler DF (1978). Applied Plant Anatomy, Longman, United Kingdom
3. Cutter EG (1978) Plant Anatomy, Part I & II, Edward Arnold, United Kingdom.
4. Dickinson WC (2000). Integrative Plant Anatomy, Harcourt Academic Press, USA.
5. Nair MNB (1998). Wood Anatomy and Major Uses of Wood, Faculty of Forestry, University of Putra Malaysia, Malaysia.

Suggested practical's

1. Study of apical meristems with the help of dissections, whole mount preparations, sections and permanent slides.
2. Study of xylem and phloem elements using maceration, staining, light and electron micrographs (xerophytes, hydrophytes and halophytes).
3. Study of secretory structures (nectaries and laticifers).
4. Study of leguminous roots with different types of nodules.
5. Anatomical studies of young and mature stem of *Helianthus*.
6. Comparative anatomy of dicot and monocot root, stem and leaf
7. To study anomalous stem behaviour in stem (*Mirabilis jalapa*, *Nyctanthus*, *Boerhaavia diffusa*, *Bignonia*, *Dracaena*.)
8. Study of anatomical features in xerophytes e.g. (leaf of *Nerium*. stem and leaf of *Calotropis*, phyllocladode of *Ruscus*.)
9. Study of anatomical features in hydrophytes e.g. (*Nelumbo* petiole, *Hydrilla* stem and leaf, *Eichhornia* petiole, leaf lamina, *Typha*)
10. To study anatomy of storage roots of e.g. (*Raphanus sativa*, *Beta vulgaris*.)
11. To study anatomy of halophytes e.g. (*Chenopodium* stem)
12. To study permanent tissues slide

BOT C622 – Structure and Metabolism of Plant Hormones

Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week
Max. Marks: 50

Instructions for paper setters : The question paper will consist of three sections. Candidate will be required to attempt all the sections.

Section A (8 Marks) : It will consist of one question having eight parts. Candidates will be required to attempt all the parts, each part carrying one mark. Answer to any part should not exceed four lines.

Section B (21 Marks) : It will consist of ten questions. Candidates will be required to attempt seven questions, each question carrying three marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed two pages.

Section C (21 Marks) : It will consist of five questions. Candidates will be required to attempt three questions, each question carrying seven marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed four pages.

UNIT-I

General Features of Plant Hormones, their Analysis, and Quantitation : Discovery of auxin and other hormones, characteristics of plant hormones, hormone vs plant growth regulator, hormonal responses to a physiological state, bioassays, hormone extraction, analysis, and quantitation, determination of hormone synthetic pathways, regulation of hormone levels (hormonal homeostasis).

Auxins : Structure of auxins, physiological roles of IAA, IAA biosynthesis in higher plants, regulation of IAA levels (IAA homeostasis), inhibitors of IAA action, other naturally occurring auxins, synthetic auxins, structural diversity of auxins.

UNIT-II

Gibberellins: Discovery, structure of gibberellins (GAs) in higher plants, physiological roles of GAs in higher plants, terpenoid pathway, biosynthesis of GAs, regulation of GA levels in the plant, endogenous levels, why are there so many GAs?, other substances with GA-like activity.

Cytokinins : Discovery, biological functions and bioassays, structure of cytokinins, occurrence of cytokinins in the cytoplasm and as components of tRNA, relative distribution of natural cytokinins among plants, biosynthesis in higher plants, regulation of cytokinin levels, synthetic compounds with cytokinin-like activity, cytokinin antagonists (anticytokinins).

UNIT-III

Brassinosteroids : Discovery, structure and distribution, physiological roles and bioassays, biosynthesis of brassinolide, synthesis mutants and their wild-type genes, inhibitors of brassinosteroid biosynthesis, brassinosteroid structure and biological activity regulation of castasterone and brassinolide levels.

Abscissic Acid : Discovery, structure and occurrence in plants and fungi, physiological roles of abscisic acid (ABA), biosynthesis of ABA, carotenoid and/or ABA synthesis, mutants, ABA synthesis inhibitors, regulation of ABA levels.

Ethylene: Discovery as a hormone, structure, distribution, and internal concentrations, physiological roles and bioassays, biosynthesis in higher plants, ethylene synthesis mutants, regulation of ethylene levels in the plant, synthetic compounds that produce ethylene, inhibitors of ethylene action.

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-IV)**UNIT-IV**

Jasmonates and other Defense-Related Compounds: Introduction, discovery, distribution, and structure of jasmonates, physiological roles of jasmonates, biosynthesis of jasmonic acid (JA), JA synthesis mutants, JA synthesis inhibitors, regulation of endogenous levels of JA.

Microbial Synthesis of Plant Hormones: Microbial associations with plants, infection by *Agrobacterium*, tumor induction by *Pseudomonas*, microbial genes involved in IAA and CK biosynthesis, expression of bacterial genes in higher plants, biology of genetic transformation by *A. tumefaciens*, production of plant hormones by other microorganisms.

Books Recommended

1. Buchanan, B.B., Gruissem, W., and Jones, R.L. (2000). *Biochemistry and Molecular Biology of Plants*. American Society of Plant Physiologists, Maryland.
2. Dennis, D.T., Turpin, D.H., Lefebvre, D.D., and Layzell, D.B. (eds) (1997). *Plant Metabolism*. Longman, Essex.
3. Galston, A.W. (1989). *Life Processes in Plants*. Scientific American Library, Springer-Verlag, New York.
4. Hooykaas, P.J.J., Hall, M.A., and Libbenga, K.R. (eds) (1999). *Biochemistry and Molecular Biology of Plant Hormones*. Elsevier, Amsterdam.
5. Hopkins, W.G. (1995). *Introduction to Plant Physiology*. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York.
6. Lodish, H., Berk, A., Zipursky, S.L., Matsudaira, P., Baltimore, D., and Darnell, J. (2000).
7. *Molecular Cell Biology*. W.H. Freeman and Company, New York.

Suggested Practical's

1. Study the effect of IAA on morphological parameters such as shoot length, root length, fresh weight and dry weight of seven days old seedlings.
2. To study the effect of IBA on morphological parameters such as shoot length, root length, fresh weight and dry weight of seven days old seedlings.
3. Study the effect of Gibberellins on morphological parameters such as shoot length, root length, fresh weight and dry weight of seven days old seedlings.
4. Study the effect of Cytokinin on morphological parameters such as shoot length, root length, fresh weight and dry weight of seven days old seedlings.
5. Estimation of the catalase activity by Aebi's Method.
6. Study of bioassays of Auxins, Gibberellins, Cytokinin, Ethylene, Abscisic Acid and Brassinosteroids.
7. Study of antagonistic effect of cytokinin/ethrel on senescence behavior of leaves of different field crops.

BOT C623 – Plant Tissue Culture and Biotechnology**Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week****Max. Marks: 50**

Instructions for paper setters : The question paper will consist of three sections. Candidate will be required to attempt all the sections.

Section A (8 Marks) : It will consist of one question having eight parts. Candidates will be required to attempt all the parts, each part carrying one mark. Answer to any part should not exceed four lines.

Section B (21 Marks) : It will consist of ten questions. Candidates will be required to attempt seven questions, each question carrying three marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed two pages.

Section C (21 Marks) : It will consist of five questions. Candidates will be required to attempt three questions, each question carrying seven marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed four pages.

UNIT-I

Cytogenetics and differentiation in cell and tissue culture, plant regeneration from callus, shoot apex culture and anthers. Micropropagation : Stages, somatic embryogenesis, usefulness, hardening of micropropagated plantlets, advantages and disadvantages, application of the technique in crop improvement.

UNIT-II

Somaclonal variations and isolation of useful mutants at cellular level, disease resistance, herbicide resistance and salt tolerance. Production of pathogen free plants through tissue culture. Production of artificial seeds, their use and application.

UNIT-III

Techniques for the production of transgenic plants: Concept, vectorless transgenesis, gene targeting tools, crop improvement through transgenics, benefits and risk of producing transgenic plants, commercialization of transgenics.

Cell culture and secondary metabolites like cinnamic acid, shikonin, flavonoids and related compounds production.

UNIT-IV

Cryobiology of plant cell cultures and establishment of plant banks, freeze preservation technology, factors influencing revival of frozen cells and future prospects. Terminator technology, verminator technology, apprehensions and challenges. Role of plant tissue culture and biotechnology in agriculture, medicine and human welfare, prospects of genetic engineering of plants.

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-IV)**Books Recommended**

1. Bhojwani, SS and Dantu, PK (2013) Plant Tissue Culture : An introductory text, Springer Publications.
2. George, F.E., Hall, M., Klerk G. J (2008) Plant propagation by Tissue culture 3rd edition Vol I , Springer Publications.
3. Gupta P.K., (1990), An Introduction to Biotechnology, Rastogi Publications, Meerut.
4. Kung, Shain – Dow and Arntzen, C.J. (1989). Plant Biotechnology, Butter Worths, London.
5. Old, R.W. and Primrose S.B. (1991). Principles of Gene Manipulation, And Introduction to Genetic Engineering, Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford.
6. Reinert, J. and Bajaj, Y.P.S. (1977). Applied and Fundamental Aspects of Plant Cell, Tissue and Organ Culture, Springer Verlag, Berlin.

Suggested Practicals

1. To study the functions and operations of various instruments used in PTC like Laminar AirFlow, Autoclave, incubators, oven, Distillation unit, Weighing balance, pH meter
2. Laboratory design set up of PTC lab Sterilisation techniques
3. Different types of Enclosures used in PTC
4. Preparation of stock solutions and media preparation
5. Selection, preparation and inoculation of explant Synthetic Seed Production
6. Micropropagation and its different steps. Significance of growth hormones in culture
7. Induction of callus from different explants Anther culture and ovary culture

BOT C624 – Analytical Techniques

Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week
Max. Marks: 50

Instructions for paper setters : The question paper will consist of three sections. Candidate will be required to attempt all the sections.

Section A (8 Marks) : It will consist of one question having eight parts. Candidates will be required to attempt all the parts, each part carrying one mark. Answer to any part should not exceed four lines.

Section B (21 Marks) : It will consist of ten questions. Candidates will be required to attempt seven questions, each question carrying three marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed two pages.

Section C (21 Marks) : It will consist of five questions. Candidates will be required to attempt three questions, each question carrying seven marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed four pages.

UNIT-I

Principles and application of light, phase contrast, fluorescence scanning and transmission electron microscopy, cytophotometry and flow cytometry, fixation and staining.

UNIT-II

Principles and applications of gel filtration, ion-exchange and affinity chromatography, thin layer and gas chromatography, high pressure liquid (HPLC) chromatography, electrophoresis and electrofocussing, ultra centrifugation (velocity and density gradient).

UNIT-III

Principles of biophysical methods used for analysis of biopolymeric structure, X-ray diffraction fluorescence UV/CD, visible NMR and ESR spectroscopy, hydrodynamic methods, Atomic absorption and plasma emission spectroscopy.

UNIT-IV

Principles and techniques of nucleic acid: hybridisation and Cot curves; Sequencing of proteins and nucleic acids; Southern, Northern and South Western blotting techniques; Polymerase chain reaction.

Books Recommended

1. Hackett PB, Fuchs JA & Messing JW. 1988. An Introduction to Recombinant DNA Technology - Basic Experiments in Gene Manipulation. 2nd Ed. Benjamin Publ. Co.
2. Principles of Electroanalytical Methods. John Wiley and Sons Ltd., Chichester England.
3. Sambrook J & Russel D. 2001. Molecular Cloning - a Laboratory Manual. 3rd Ed. Cold
4. Spring Harbor Lab. Press. Sheehan, D. (2000). Physical Biochemistry : Principles and Applications, John Wiley and Sons Ltd., Chichester, England.
5. Singh BD. 2005. Biotechnology, Expanding Horizons. Kalyani Publishers, Delhi
6. Wilson K. and Walker J. (Eds.) (2012). Practical Biochemistry : Principles and Techniques, Cambridge University Press, U.K. Riley, T. and Tomilson, C. (1987)

Suggested practical's**(Experiments based on following techniques):**

1. Paper Chromatography
2. Thin Layer chromatography
3. Column chromatography
4. Gel Filtration Chromatography
5. Ion Exchange Chromatography
6. Affinity Chromatography
7. Electrophoresis: AGE and SDS-PAGE
8. UV-Vis Chromatography
9. Demonstration of PCR
10. Centrifugation
11. Fluorescent Microscopy

BOT C626 – Diversity and Biology of Angiosperms

Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week
Max. Marks: 50

Instructions for paper setters : The question paper will consist of three sections. Candidate will be required to attempt all the sections.

Section A (8 Marks) : It will consist of one question having eight parts. Candidates will be required to attempt all the parts, each part carrying one mark. Answer to any part should not exceed four lines.

Section B (21 Marks) : It will consist of ten questions. Candidates will be required to attempt seven questions, each question carrying three marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed two pages.

Section C (21 Marks) : It will consist of five questions. Candidates will be required to attempt three questions, each question carrying seven marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed four pages.

UNIT-I

Historical perspective of plant classification, phenetic versus phylogenetic system; cladistics in taxonomy, relative merits and demerits of major system of classification, a study of phylogenetic system of classification after Engler & Prantl, Bessey, Hutchinson, Cronquist, Takhtajan, Dahlgren and Thorne.

UNIT-II

Principles of plant nomenclature; salient features of the International code of Botanical Nomenclature, working knowledge of botanical latin, important herbaria of the World. Origin of angiosperms; inter-relationships of dicots and monocots; Phylogeny of ranales, amentiferae, centrospermae, tubiflorae and halobiales and their treatment in the modern systems of classification.

UNIT-III

Principles of plant taxonomy, alpha taxonomy vs modern taxonomy; chemotaxonomy, cytotoxicology, numerical taxonomy, anatomy, palynology and embryology in relation to taxonomy. Biosystematic approach to taxonomy, biosystematic categories parameters in biosystematic analysis with particular examples of taxonomic problems; taxonomic study of agamic, hybrid and polyploid complexes; phylogenetic trees.

UNIT-IV

Taxonomic tools: Herbarium; floras; serology; electrophoresis; nucleic acid hybridization; computers and GIS.

Concepts of phytogeography and its relevance, phytogeographic regions of the world and India, approaches to phytogeography, principles and practices; factors determining vegetation types, endemism, hotspots and hottest hotspots, plant explorations, invasions and introductions, local plant diversity and its socio-economic importance.

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-IV)

Books Recommended

1. Angiosperm Phylogeny Group (2003) An update of the Angiosperm Phylogeny Group classification for the orders and families of flowering plants: APG II. *Botanical Journal of the Linnean Society* 141: 399-436.
2. Cole, A.J. 1969. *Numerical Taxonomy*, Academic Press, London
- Cracknell AP, Hayes L (2009) *Introduction to Remote Sensing*. CRC Press, Boca Raton, USA (Special Indian Edition)
3. Crawford DJ (2003) *Plant Molecular Systematics*. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, UK.
4. Brown, H.P. (1989). *An Elementary Manual of Indian Tree Technology*, Dehradun
5. Davis P.H. and Heywood, V.H. (1973). *Principles of Angiosperms Taxonomy*. Robert E. Kreiger Pub. Co., New York.
6. Judd WS, Campbell CS, Kellogg EA, Stevens PA and Donoghue MJ (2002) *Plant Systematics: A Phylogenetic Approach*. Sinauer Associates, Inc., Massachusetts.
7. Nei M and Kumar S (2000) *Molecular Evolution and Phylogenetics*. Oxford University Press, New York.
8. Raven PH, Begr LR, Hassenzahl DM (2008) *Environment*. 6th edition. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York.
9. Semple C and Steel MA (2003) *Phylogenetics*. Oxford University Press, Oxford.

Suggested Practicals

Description of specimen from representatives of locally available families. This list is indicative only

- Ranunculaceae: Ranunculus, Delphinium,
- Brassicaceae: Brassica, Iberis
- Malvaceae: Hibiscus
- Rutaceae: Murraya, Citrus
- Fabaceae: Lathyrus, Cassia, Acacia, Mimosa
- Rosaceae: Rose, Prunus
- Asteraceae: Helianthus, Ageratum, Sonchus
- Apiaceae: Coriandrum, Foeniculum
- Apocynaceae: Vinca, Nerium, Thevetia
- Asclepiadaceae: Calatropis
- Solanaceae: Petunia, Solanum, Datura
- Euphorbiaceae: Euphorbia, Phyllanthus
- Lamiaceae: Ocimum, Salvia
- Chenopodiaceae: Chenopodium
- Liliaceae: Asparagus, Asphodelus
- Poaceae: Triticum, Avena

1. Location of key character and use of keys at family level.
2. Field trips within and around the campus; compilation of field note and preparation of herbarium sheets of such plant, wild or cultivated as are abundant.
3. Training in using flora and herbaria for identification of specimen described in the class
4. Comparison of different species of a genus and different genera of family to calculate similarity coefficients.

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-IV)**BOT C724 - Hazardous Chemicals
(Optional Paper)****Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week
Max. Marks: 50**

Instructions for paper setters : The question paper will consist of three sections. Candidate will be required to attempt all the sections.

Section A (8 Marks) : It will consist of one question having eight parts. Candidates will be required to attempt all the parts, each part carrying one mark. Answer to any part should not exceed four lines.

Section B (21 Marks) : It will consist of ten questions. Candidates will be required to attempt seven questions, each question carrying three marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed two pages.

Section C (21 Marks) : It will consist of five questions. Candidates will be required to attempt three questions, each question carrying seven marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed four pages.

UNIT-I

Physical Properties of Chemicals: Vapour pressure, vapour density, solubility, octanol/water partition, coefficient odor.

Toxic Properties : Absorption and excretion detoxification and bioactivation, common terms used for toxicology.

Target Organs: Injury to liver, kidney, immune system, respiratory tract, skin, eyes, nervous system, cardiovascular system, carcinogens and teratogens.

Combustible and Explosive Properties : Flashpoint and autoignition temperature of some chemicals, explosive properties.

UNIT-II

Aldehydes : Acrolein.

Alkaloids : Nicotine, Morphine, Heroin, LSD, Colchicine.

Amines : Ethylenimine, aniline, benzidine, O-toluidine, Phenylhydrazine.

Azodyes: Acid Yellow 3, Sudan orange, acid red 18, acid blue-9, acid green-3.

Chlorohydrins: Ethylene, chlorohydrin.

Nitriles: Acrylonitrile, acetonitrile.

Cyanides: HCN, Sodium cyanide, potassium cyanide, cyanogen.

Organic Isocyanates : Methyl isocyanate.

UNIT-III

Dioxins: 2,3,7,8 – Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (TCDD).

Epoxy Compounds: Ethylene dioxide.

Halogenated Hydrocarbons: Chloroform, carbon tetrachloride, dichlorobenzene.

Aromatic Hydrocarbons : Benzene, Xylene.

Polynuclear Aromatics: Benzo - - pyrene, Benzo - - anthracene.

Toxic Gases: Arsine, Mustard Gas, Phosgene.

Explosives: Nitroexplosives – Nitroglycerine, dynamite, Nitrocellulose, 2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene, Picric acid.

M.Sc. Botany (For Colleges) (Semester-IV)**UNIT-IV**

Pesticides: Structure, LD₅₀/LC₅₀, health hazards and exposure limit of following pesticides:

Carbamates: Aldicarb, Carbaryl, Carbofuran, Methiocarb.

Organochlorines: Aldrin, Dieldrin, Endrin, Heptachlor, Chloradane, Endsulphan, DDT, Methoxychlor, Lindane.

Organophosphorus Pesticides: Parathion, Dichlorophos, Monocrotophos, Chloropyriphos.

Herbicides: 2,4 D, 2,4, T, Silvex, Atrazine, Metribuzin, Monouron, Diuron, Paraquat, Tribunil, Alchlor

Book Recommended

1. Patnaik, P. (1999). A Comprehensive Guide to the Hazardous Properties of Chemical Substances. Wiley, New York.

**BOT C725 - Immunology
(Optional Paper)****Lectures: 3 Credit Hours/Week
Max. Marks: 50**

Instructions for paper setters : The question paper will consist of three sections. Candidate will be required to attempt all the sections.

Section A (8 Marks) : It will consist of one question having eight parts. Candidates will be required to attempt all the parts, each part carrying one mark. Answer to any part should not exceed four lines.

Section B (21 Marks) : It will consist of ten questions. Candidates will be required to attempt seven questions, each question carrying three marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed two pages.

Section C (21 Marks) : It will consist of five questions. Candidates will be required to attempt three questions, each question carrying seven marks. Answer to any of the questions should not exceed four pages.

UNIT-I

An Overview of the Immune System: Historical perspective, an introduction to the immune system – innate and adaptive immunity. Immunodeficiencies : secondary immunodeficiency disorders.

UNIT-II

Antigens and Antigen Recognition: Antigens: prerequisites for immunogenicity, relative immunogenicity of different types of molecules, Molecules that enhance immunogenicity. Activators of lymphocytes: antigens, superantigens, mitogens. Antigen recognition by cells of innate immunity & adaptive immunity.

UNIT-III

Antibodies: Gamma globulins; structure, bifunctional property of antibodies, determining bifunctionality, cross reactivity, Antigen antibody interactions: primary interactions, secondary interactions. Classification of antibodies: Isotypes, Allotypes, properties & biological functions of antibody isotypes, IgG, IgE, IgM, IgD, IgA, Monoclonal antibodies

UNIT-IV

Cells and Tissues of Immunity: Lymphoid tissues: primary & secondary lymphoid tissues, cells of innate immunity : phagocytes, antigen presenting cells, natural killer cells, Eosinophils, mast cells and basophil, B- cells, secondary immune responses. The major histocompatibility complex, antigen process and antigen presentation, complement. The immune system in Health & Disease, specially AIDS.

Books Recommended

1. Goldsby, R.A. Kindt, T.J., Osborne B.A., Kuby, J. (2003). Immunology. W.H. Freeman & Company, New York.
2. Stanley, J. (2002). Essentials of Immunology and Serology. Delmar Thomson Learning, USA.